Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, Delaware, 2017

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Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
All industries including state and local government ⁵		2.5	1.3	1.0	0.3	1.2
Private industry ⁵		2.3	1.2	0.9	0.3	1.1
Goods-producing ⁵		2.5	1.6	0.9	0.6	1.0
Natural resources and mining ^{5,6}		2.4				1.4
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁵		2.4				
Crop production ⁵	111	3.2				
Construction		2.5	1.5	1.1	0.4	1.0
Construction		2.5	1.5	1.1	0.4	1.0
Construction of buildings	236	2.0	0.9	0.8		1.1
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	2.5	1.7	0.9	0.8	0.8
Specialty trade contractors	238	2.6	1.7	1.3	0.4	1.0
Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors	2381	2.3	1.6	0.8		
Building equipment contractors	2382	3.2	1.8	1.3	0.4	1.4
Building finishing contractors	2383	2.2	2.1	2.0		
Other specialty trade contractors	2389	1.5				
Manufacturing		2.6	1.6	0.8	0.8	0.9
Manufacturing		2.6	1.6	0.8	0.8	0.9
Food manufacturing	311	2.5	1.5	0.4	1.1	0.9
Chemical manufacturing	325	1.3	0.8	0.7		
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	5.2	3.6	1.8		1.6
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	6.0	3.9	2.8		2.1
Architectural and structural metals manufacturing	3323	7.4	5.8	4.2	1.6	1.6
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334					

Navigational, measuring, electromedical, and control instruments	3345					
manufacturing Furniture and related product manufacturing	337	3.4	2.3			
Service-providing		2.3	1.2	0.9	0.3	1.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸		3.4	2.1	1.6	0.5	1.3
Wholesale trade		3.3	2.2	1.7	0.5	1.0
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	4.6	3.4	2.3	1.1	1.1
Retail trade		3.1	1.6	1.2	0.5	1.5
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	3.4	1.4	1.1	0.3	2.0
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	2.8	1.3			1.5
Electronics and appliance stores	443					
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	4.0	3.1	1.7	1.3	1.0
Food and beverage stores	445	3.2	2.1	1.6	0.5	1.1
Grocery stores	4451	3.4	2.3	1.8	0.5	1.2
Health and personal care stores	446	1.7	0.8			0.9
Gasoline stations	447	3.4				3.1
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	2.2	1.1			1.1
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451	1.6				
General merchandise stores	452	4.2	2.2	1.7	0.5	2.1
Nonstore retailers	454	4.8	2.4	2.0		2.4
Transportation and warehousing ⁸		5.1	4.0	3.1	0.9	1.1
Truck transportation	484	5.4	2.9	2.2	0.7	2.6
General freight trucking	4841	5.4	3.9	2.4	1.5	1.6
Specialized freight trucking	4842	5.4	2.0	2.0		3.4
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	2.5	2.0	1.8		
School and employee bus transportation	4854					
Support activities for transportation	488	4.7	3.9	3.7		0.9
Utilities		1.1	0.7			
Information		1.1	0.7	0.7		0.5
Information		1.1	0.7	0.7		0.5
Telecommunications	517					
Finance, insurance, and real estate		0.7	0.3	0.3		0.4
Finance and insurance		0.4	0.1	0.1		0.3

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Credit intermediation and related activities	522	0.4	0.1	0.1		0.3
Real estate and rental and leasing		3.4	2.3	2.0		1.1
Real estate	531	2.9	2.2			0.7
Professional and business services		1.1	0.6	0.5	0.1	0.6
Professional, scientific, and technical services		0.8	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.6
Professional, scientific, and technical services Scientific research and development services	541 5417	0.8 	0.2	0.1 	0.1 	0.6
Management of companies and enterprises		1.4	0.9	0.9		0.5
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services		1.5	1.0	0.9	0.1	0.5
Administrative and support services	561	1.4	0.9	0.9		0.5
Educational and health services		3.0	1.5	1.0	0.4	1.5
Health care and social assistance		3.1	1.5	1.1	0.5	1.6
Ambulatory health care services Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance	621 622 623 624	6.0	0.8 1.2 3.5 1.5		0.6 0.9	1.2 1.5 2.5 1.4
Leisure, entertainment, and hospitality		2.9	1.0	0.8	0.2	1.9
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		3.3	1.6	1.2	0.4	1.7
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	3.3	1.7	1.3	0.4	1.6
Accommodation and food services		2.8	0.9	0.8	0.1	1.9
Accommodation Food services and drinking places Special food services Restaurants and other eating places	721 722 7223 7225	4.7	1.2 0.8 4.1 0.7		0.1 	1.2 2.0 2.1
Other services (except public administration)		1.4	0.5	0.4		0.9
Other services (except public administration)		1.4	0.5	0.4		0.9
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Repair and maintenance Personal and laundry services Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	811 812 813	1.8 0.9 1.8	 0.8	 0.8	 	 0.5 0.9
State and local government ⁵		3.7	1.5	1.5		2.2
State government ⁵		3.3	1.2	1.2		2.0
Goods-producing ⁵		8.2	3.5	3.5		4.8
Construction		8.2	3.5	3.5		4.8
Construction		8.2	3.5	3.5		4.8
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	8.2	3.5	3.5		4.7
Service-providing		3.1	1.1	1.1		1.9
Educational and health services		2.0	0.7	0.7		1.2
Educational services		1.0	0.4	0.4		0.7
Educational services Colleges, universities, and professional schools	611 6113	1.0 0.9	0.4 0.4	0.4 0.4		0.7 0.5
Health care and social assistance		6.7	2.5	2.4		4.2
Hospitals	622	10.4	3.2	3.2		7.2
Public administration		4.2	1.6	1.5		2.6
Public administration		4.2	1.6	1.5		2.6
Justice, public order, and safety activities Justice, public order, and safety activities Police protection Correctional institutions	922 9221 92212 92214	5.2 5.2 7.8 6.8	2.0 2.0 2.9 2.6	1.9 1.9 2.3 2.6	 	3.2 3.2 4.9 4.2
Local government ⁵		4.3	1.8	1.8	0.1	2.4
Service-providing		4.3	1.8	1.8	0.1	2.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸						
Utilities						
Utilities	221					

Water, sewage and other systems	2213					
Educational and health services		3.7	1.5	1.5		2.2
Educational services		3.7	1.5	1.5		2.2
Educational services Elementary and secondary schools	611 6111	3.7 3.7	1.5 1.5			2.2 2.2
Public administration		5.5	2.5	2.3	0.3	2.9
Public administration		5.5	2.5	2.3	0.3	2.9

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, July 29, 2019

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2012.

 $^{^4}$ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System*, 2012 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁹ Data too small to be displayed.